



SUCCESS IS WHEN WE WISELY SOCIALIZE

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ABSTRACT (10 pt)

Humans, as social beings, are constantly required to interact with the social world. Humans cannot survive on their own. To carry out its role as social beings in establishing relationships with the environment or community groups, it requires the ability to think and act. The quality of a person's is determined by his or her social interactions. The amount of wealth, high position, or a brilliant career do not determine a person's success; rather, it is determined by the quality of social interaction. People who have positive social relationships have a better life, and vice versa. This paper will discuss in more depth: 1) the nature of social intelligence; 2) its illumination in everyday life, especially in the world of work; 3) its implications in the context of learning to prepare for the future; 4) Some suggestions to be successful in the association; and 5) A glimpse of the author's personal experience regarding this social intelligence issue. Social intelligence refers to the ability to manage oneself, as well as the ability to put oneself into contact with others. It also refers to the ability to associate with the environment. It is sufficient to alter the relationship, life will change as a result. The association has a big role in determining what someone thinks. Good associations always give birth to good people.

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1. Introduction

"What exactly is success?" Perhaps there are still many people who believe that academic intelligence is required for success. Or, success is for talented people, success is having a lot of money, success is having a brilliant career, and success is having a wide social network. However, having a smart brain or being intellectually intelligent based on the brain is not enough to be successful in life; rather, a variety of intelligences (multi-intelligence) contribute to one's success. Social intelligence is one of the skills or intelligences that must be considered. A proverb says "*Your social relationships determine your quality of life.*" (Barman, 2020; Doogan et al, 2019; Umberson & Montez, 2011).

Humans as social beings cannot be separated from individual beings in terms of social intelligence. Humans require engagement and conversation with one another in addition to coping with themselves. Social intelligence is required in human-to-human relationships. People with social intelligence are frequently adept at interpreting other people's hearts, moods, and desires. He is adaptable, has a positive attitude, and is concerned about and empathizes with others.

The ability to absorb, respond to, and understand the sentiments and moods of others in their social environment is the basic capital in relating and communicating with others so that they can behave and behave as their environment expects or accepts. It is an individual's ability to form relationships with others and to act in accordance with the demands of the environment that allows them to be accepted in that environment (Prawira, 2012).

The ability of an individual to deal with and react to social situations, or to live in society, is defined as social intelligence. Social intelligence is not a person's emotion toward individuals or other people, but rather a person's ability to understand other people and deal with societal demands.

Someone with social intelligence has the following characteristics: 1) is friendly and smiles frequently; 2) has many friends; 3) is good at communicating; 4) is easily adaptable in a social environment; and 5) his life can be useful not only for himself but also for others.

According to Goleman (2001), there are 2 aspects of social intelligence, namely:

Social Awareness

This social awareness results in a spectrum that indirectly feels what others feel, understands their feelings and thoughts, and then becomes involved in difficult situations. This social awareness spectrum then includes: a) Primal Empathy (the most important empathy), which is a feeling for another person followed by emotional signs; b) Adjustment or adaptation, is the act of listening closely and becoming accustomed to hearing someone speak.; c) Empathic accuracy, it is the ability to understand the thoughts, ideas, feelings, and desires of others; d) Social cognition (social awareness), which is the understanding of how social life occurs.

Social Skills

This social skill is the capacity to sense other people's emotions or even just know what they are thinking, but it does not guarantee that you will succeed in a conversation. In order to achieve a nice, smooth, and successful interaction, these social skills are also formed in social awareness. The following social skills are included in this spectrum: a) Synchrony. It is all about nonverbal communication; b) Self-presentation (Personal Self Presentation). This is the art of effectively expressing oneself; c) Influence (Influence). It is all about giving an alternative to social engagement; d) Concern (Care). It is about caring for people in accordance with their requirements as well as their behaviour.

According to Goleman (2004), there are four key skills that must be cultivated in order to increase social intelligence: 1) Organizing groups is one of the first things that comes to mind. Everyone has the potential to be a leader. Of course, as a leader, you must be able to organize, at the very least in a small group in a social setting, or at the very least in a family setting. A person must first be able to lead oneself before becoming a leader in organizing a group. A person who

is capable of leading himself will undoubtedly set an example for others; 2) Negotiating a solution to problem. If two persons or even organizations are adamant in their defence of their respective proper beliefs or ideals, a professional mediator is required to resolve the issue. Each person requires their own social intelligence. One of the features of people with blunt social intelligence is their failure to solve community problems that are motivated by an incapacity to read, evaluate, and control the social dynamics that occur in society; 3) Having a relationship. It is vital to foster the importance of a healthy interaction with others in order to cultivate high social intelligence. Whether we need it or not, a good social relationship continues to be formed. One approach to do this is to keep in touch with other people on a regular basis so that you may learn how to create an atmosphere of intimacy in a social interaction; 4) Analyzing social. This intelligence is also critical for a person's capacity to understand the characteristics of others, making it easier to form positive relationships. The ability to analyze socially refers to the ability to comprehend other people's sentiments or moods.

According to Shapiro (Azzet, 2014), there are six social skills that can be trained in order to have good social intelligence: 1) Communication skill. Communication skills include not only the ability to speak, but also the ability to convey effectively to others, as well as the ability to understand and respond to the communications of others. They are also taught to listen carefully when others speak, as well as to recognize and understand nonverbal messages and movements in communicating. 2) Skills in making humour. If the fabric of social relations is devoid of humour, it will feel hollow. Humour can make people smile and even laugh. Laughter can create a sense of pleasure and lighten the mood, allowing people to talk for an extended period of time. 3) Skills in making friends. The ability to share one's friendships with others is a fundamental skill in developing them. A good friendship does not entail being friends with one person while ignoring others. However, good friendships can be formed with a wide range of people, expanding the scope of the association; 4) Capabilities in group roles. The most important skill to develop is the courage to express oneself in front of a large group of people. When you practice this, your self-confidence will grow exponentially. This is an important capital for a person to have in order to play a role in his social group. 5) The ability to be polite in the organization. Courtesy is very important in the association and should be applied in people's lives. Courtesy is a noble character that is in accordance with a society's manners. 6) Communication abilities. By using appropriate vocabulary and not being ambiguous, the communication journey with the surrounding environment will be smooth, avoiding any potential misunderstandings.

Various factors have an impact on social intelligence. According to Goleman (2004), social intelligence is influenced by three factors: 1) The family. In socializing, the family environment is a foundational pillar. According to Goleman, families that have time to form together at night and provide love to their children will help them have a positive emotional level and bond with their parents, making it simpler for them to interact and have positive relationships with others outside the home; 2) The economics. According to Goleman, economic pressure will cause people to work longer hours, leaving them with less time to spend with their families. Working parents should spend more time with their children so that their children can interact with them. This will keep the child's heart full and prevent it from feeling empty; a rich heart will make warm person when they are surrounded by numerous friends; 3) Technology. Children who prefer to be friends with gadgets or who prefer to watch television all day long will force children to spend time interacting with other people, creating their own world. It is essential for children to have interactions such as playing with friends, activities, and playing outside the house to help them learn how to improve their friendships.

In the school environment, the implementation of the 2013 Curriculum is very appropriate because it places a greater emphasis on the affective aspect, which includes several types of intelligence, including social intelligence. Because many people are not intellectually intelligent, highly educated, or have bright minds, but are successful with their social intelligence, the current

curriculum is assumed to be able to increase students' chances of achieving future success. For example, Bill Gates, the founder, owner, and CEO of Microsoft, was the world's richest person. He only completed the second grade. His expertise in forming alliances with others, on the other hand, is credited with propelling him to mainstream success. For instance, Sudono Salim (Liem Sioe Liong), also known as Om Liem, has experienced inspirational stories of achieving great success in a similar way. The individual who once claimed the title of Indonesia's richest person only completed elementary school. What's more amazing is that, despite having only completed elementary school, he has worked on numerous college and doctoral students. Bob Sadino is a non-college graduate who has gone on to be a successful entrepreneur in a variety of professions while maintaining a humble personality. Many people believe that the ability to develop networks and employ people is the key to success.

2. Method

There are numerous examples of similar success stories that are not as extreme. As previously stated, this paper contends that social intelligence is not the only key to success, but it is an important factor that should be investigated. It will be discussed in greater detail in the following section using literature review: 1) The nature of the issue at hand; 2) It is illumination in everyday life, particularly in the workplace; 3) The implications in the context of learning to prepare for the future; 4) Some suggestions for being successful in social interaction; and 5) A glance of the author's personal experience with this social intelligence issue.

3. Discussion

Humans are social beings from birth. He was born in the middle of a crowd. Humans cannot survive on their own. To carry out its role as social beings in establishing relationships with the environment or community groups, it requires the ability to think and act. In other words, in order to get along with one another, humans must be wise and skilled at processing emotions.

According to the literature, social intelligence refers to the ability to be wise and proficient in processing feelings when associating with others. Experts and experts in the field of social intelligence provide various interpretations. Some, such as Ambron (1981), associate it with socialization, claiming that socialization is a learning process that guides a person toward the development of a social personality so that he can become a responsible and effective member of society.

According to Could (1994), social intelligence is the ability to understand and manage human relationships. This intelligence is intelligence that elevates the function of the soul as an internal device capable of seeing the meaning behind this reality as it is. In simple terms, the Javanese vocabulary contains the term "*nyrateni*" (understanding other people). For example, if we experience pain when pinched, we should not pinch others. This also implies a question of values. True, social intelligence is linked to wisdom and values.

The following are examples of a number of points that are the elaboration of social intelligence variables to clarify the nature of social intelligence:

1. No matter how busy I am, when a neighbour asks for assistance, I immediately come to assist him.
2. I will postpone a long-planned event because a friend of mine has been in an accident and requires my assistance.
3. I agreed to let older people, pregnant women, and children to sit in public transportation.
4. I would like to use some of my savings to assist a friend who is in need of financial assistance at the time.
5. I enjoy being a part of organizations or social activities that assist people who have been affected by natural disasters.
6. I make an effort to participate in committee some activities.

7. When a problem arises in a community or work group, I prefer to solve it through discussion.
8. I do not want to get involved in other people's business that has nothing to do with me.
9. Do not avoid when there are problems with other people who are eager to solve them.
10. I socialize well with others without expecting to be praised or praised in return.
11. I do not want other people to know when I give or donate something to charity.
12. If there is a newcomer in my environment, I go over to introduce myself and get to know him.
13. The desire to know each other comes from within, not by coercion.
14. There is a sense of caring from within me when I see someone in our environment is affected by a disaster.
15. I make every effort to maintain positive interpersonal relationships.
16. I have strong ties with other individuals, so they come to my aid when I need it.
17. In order to hone my feeling of caring and tolerance, I enjoy participating in religious and social organizations in my community.
18. When a friend is unwell and could not come to work, I would want to replace a colleague's assignment.
19. I do not like to be concerned about minor issues that could escalate into a conflict if there are issues in the workplace or surroundings.
20. I always endeavour to prioritize the public interest over my own.

Furthermore, may be questioned whether or not there is a link between wisdom and values with spiritual intelligence? The answer is absolutely yes. It is difficult to plot various intelligences. People who are moved by their hearts to participate in efforts to raise funds for natural disaster relief are socially intelligent individuals who value human values. People who behave in this manner may be motivated by religious values, as religion teaches its followers to care for others.

Can active users be said to be socially intelligent if today's social media and social networking systems are rapidly advancing? Perhaps it should be considered. It has been reported that in several large countries, including Germany, France, England, and the United States, social media platforms such as Facebook, as well as their data and information, are used as material for selecting job applicants (Jezke & Shultz, 2015). However, it is still too early to conclude that active users of social media and social networks have higher intelligence than non-users. Further research is required, because interaction and communication via social media and social networking systems are, after all, interactions and communications in cyberspace. Can a person be considered wise if he is active on Facebook and has friends with thousands of people, but he is always solitary? Data can be fake. Information can be made up. Just look at how the photos are uploaded, which are frequently just selfie.

In real life, social intelligence is very beneficial to a person's success in life. When a person closes himself off, he isolates himself from the group or society. In discussing four traits closely related to social intelligence that humans must avoid if they want their lives to be full of meaning, Setyawan (2004) does not explicitly use the term social intelligence, but rather emotional and spiritual intelligence. The four cases are listed in the following order: 1) do not care; 2) suspicious; 3) apathy; and 4) hostile.

Indifference can make one's life emotionally and spiritually miserable. People with this trait are unconcerned about what happens to their environment. A manager in an office, for example, is a workaholic in a work environment (*workaholic*). He was so insane that he forgot about his surroundings, until his subordinates became victims as a result of the demands of work with his own standards. Naturally, many people will be unsympathetic to him, and he will be shunned.

A boss who hurriedly scolded a colleague who yawned during a meeting he was leading, humiliating his subordinates, exemplifies a sense of disinterest. The employer should have been embarrassed by the occurrence as well. The explanation, according to the subordinate, is that he was sleep deprived the night before since he had to wait for his child in the hospital ICU room. However, he makes an effort to be present since he believes the meeting is vital.

Apathy, as a socially inept trait, endangers a person's chances of success. As an example, a co-worker's advancement and career opportunities were hampered because he was becoming increasingly disconnected from his surroundings. He is rarely in the office, difficult to reach, and even when he once met with the leadership and was told that an opportunity for him to follow the promotion process had arisen, instead of following up on the information, he did not respond positively. A missed opportunity. It was impressive that the friend was dissatisfied with the attitude of some friends who were unhappy because the friend was unkind. However, the friend should have acted wisely; there is no need to launch a "vengeance" campaign in order to avoid causing harm to himself.

Being hostile is the culmination of being socially uneducated. People with a hostile attitude can be found almost anywhere. It is frequently reported that enemies can easily fight for position in the outskirts of major cities.

What will students do if they need to report an error but have to deal with rude employees? If a student who is not socially intelligent may retaliate, a student who is socially intelligent may not be overly reactive, knowing that he or she will still be in touch and require service at some point in the future.

Other than lectures, activities on campus can be chosen if they are most suitable. Whether we realize it or not, activities like scouting, broadcasting, vocal groups, journalism, and advocacy will benefit students greatly later in life, as long as they are taken seriously.

Students should start getting to know how people get along outside of campus, according to their portion. Students will eventually get involved in the community, there is no reason why, in addition to studying on campus, they should begin developing their social skills outside of it at home. This can be done, for example, if participating in mutual cooperation activities in a boarding house environment, results in a positive response. Participating in youth and youth-related activities in the community is also beneficial. Of course, the capacity to manage one's time is crucial. Islam teaches us as Muslims that respecting time is highly important, as stated in the opening of some chapters (surahs) in the holy Qur'an, namely *Al-Lail*, *Al-Fajr*, *Al-Dhuha*, and *Al-Asr*.

There are also residents who believe they have lost someone who used to live in a boarding house there and is still in contact with them till they marry. Even the formation of friendship provides surprising sustenance to such folks. Compare this to students who merely attend the class without being engaged, happily leave the campus when hearing the lecture is not available, have a large number of friends but are not sufficiently challenged, and waste time on frivolous activities. Although he may be able to complete his studies more quickly because he focuses on academic affairs, this does not guarantee that he will be able to compete in the real world once he has completed his studies.

The following are some suggestions on how to get along so that we can have a lot of friends and have an easy time going through life:

Accepting ourselves for who we are

To begin, we must learn to accept ourself just as we are. Is not it true that everyone has benefits and drawbacks? We will get flooded with negative feelings if we continue to focus on the flaws that exist. Feeling inadequate, unappreciated, and unaccepted, to name a few examples. Even if it is only our feelings that make us feel isolated.

We need to be more at ease in our own skin, rather than hiding behind a mask. What we are is the figure that should be shown in front of others without needing to be the centre of

attention or always busy seeking recognition. Being able to attract others' attention or not is a secondary consideration. The most crucial factor is that people feel at ease around us. Quality individuals do things because they want to make themselves happy, not because they want to be recognized by others.

Being engaged with people who have good intentions

Everything begins with a plan. It is very important to start a relationship with good intentions. It is essential to choose a friend who possesses the qualities of a decent and true friend. We will be met with nice people, good ways, and a pleasant environment if we begin the association with good intents. We will also look for a good environment so that it will not be easy to plunge people into behaviour that deviates from social values. A phrase goes "*Show me your friends and I will show you your future.*"

Expanding the scope of our association

We must be able to broaden our field of association in life. If our only activity is going to college, coming home, and sleeping, try mixing it up a little. Perhaps we can reconnect with old acquaintances we have been neglecting due to our hectic schedule. Then invite them to get together to talk about a reunion, for example, or just to share memories. We can join communities that share our interests and hobbies both offline and online.

Smiling

A smile is charity. Being nice and smiling all of the time is a great strategy to get along with our peers. Smiling frequently conveys the sense that we are approachable, kind, and easy to communicate with. Always smiling is another trait of a nice person who is popular with others. As a result, smile so that a lot of people want to hang out with us.

Being a good listener

Did you know that everyone likes to be heard? Unfortunately, not everyone has the ability to listen well. A good listener not only hears, but also feels it as if it were his own feelings. Those who desire to be heard are significantly less qualified and educated than those who listen well. Before learning to speak, many communication scientists begin their careers as good listeners. Great presenters and leaders are usually people who listen with their ears open. They are fully aware of the advantages of listening to others for their own benefit.

Being a good listener will assist us in becoming empathetic. Listeners that respect others and provide essential advice are always good listeners. It is no surprise that many of our friends will seek out this good listener for guidance and assistance. Try to learn to sympathize with others if we want to be a good listener. Pay attention to what they are saying and experience and what they are feeling. We will be well-liked in the community if we do so.

By listening to his conversation, we can understand how he thinks, then we will be able to make decisions about how we should act, behave and position ourselves. Maybe that is why God gave us two ears but only one mouth, so that we can listen more than we speak.

Accepting new information should not be hasty

One of the most appealing qualities of a good person is their ability to think independently. Independent-minded people are capable of accepting change, appreciating differences, and being open to growth, as well as seeing the positive aspects of even the most unpleasant situations or events. Because they understand that everyone has a different point of view, and that every viewpoint, like his own, deserves to be respected. Never felt we were the greatest. Our knowledge should be like rice, "*The more you have, the more you should stoop down*". People that are open-minded always understand that there is much to learn even from the smallest person.

Never take information at face value and constantly double-check the facts. Independent thinkers in a society will lead the community to major development since progress is only owned by people who are open, humble, positive, and eager to learn.

Being a highly committed person

Because a promise is a long-term commitment that must be kept. A promise must be maintained every time it is made, because a promise is a debt that must be paid. Quality people are those that always have a clear and directed path in life. Every time we do something, we must carefully consider our options.

Do not be someone who can change their mind at any time. It does not end there, though. We must always be dedicated to the decisions we have made. It is critical to understand how to value commitment so that our life is not cluttered with pointless diversions.

Being brave to come out of our comfort zone and try new things

Recognize the significance of personal development. Some people doubt their own abilities to push themselves out of their comfort zones. They are afraid of rejection and are in an unsettling situation. Quality people, on the other hand, are continuously looking for ways to improve. As a result, we must become accustomed to welcoming new challenges with open arms. Because it is only when we leave our comfort zone that we will begin to grow.

Never be afraid to be uncomfortable since this is where we will begin to examine a lot of previously unimaginable things. Only with that perspective we can continue to grow as a person and meet like-minded people who are constantly striving to improve themselves.

Never feeling awkward just because we have a weakness

When we see insecurity, we should take it as a challenge to improve. Every single one of us, without exception, must have benefits and drawbacks. We sometimes have the impression that our flaws are more dominating than our assets. Many people believe that their flaws or challenges are due to ill luck or fate.

To attain our goals, we must be bold enough to face the challenges that life throws at us. Must be able to rise above flaws rather than allowing them to restrict progress. Instead of hiding our flaws, embrace them. We recognize that we are not perfect, that is why we should continually strive to improve our weaknesses.

Never being ashamed to hang out with people who are in positions of authority over you

Because everyone can learn from one another. Always be humble, but not subservient. We may feel inferior and too inferior to hang out with quality people at times. They seem to learn things so quickly. On the other hand, we should be grateful for their existence because it allows you to improve our own quality of life.

If we want to be a quality person, one of the best ways to do so is to surround ourselves with quality people. Examine how they study and work, how they live, how they think, and how they make important life decisions. One of the quickest ways to learn is to hang out with people who are smarter than us. We can learn things from them that we would not be able to learn in school. This is commonly referred to as a *“real life school”*.

Being confident and proud of becoming oneself

Self-confidence affects a person in more ways than one, because it implies that he or she accepts and respects himself and others. Even if they are unfamiliar with the setting, those with self-confidence will readily enter and blend in.

We must copy the attributes of great individuals if we wish to be confident and understand the world in a good light. They are more resilient to life's obstacles and other people's opinions. They are not frightened to express their feelings and convey their emotions. We will have a new perspective on our abilities and personal improvement as a result of our new quality habits. Then we will automatically attract like-minded people and, of course, continue to develop ourselves.

Learning to start a chat

If we have always been a shy and passive person, now is the time to learn how to strike up a conversation. Maybe other people have been afraid to speak to us all the time because we are so silent. Make an effort to persuade them to speak first. It is not necessary to hunt for extremely intricate chat topics; simply saying hello or inquiring how we are doing will suffice. A light and warm greeting is frequently followed by a spirited conversation. Perform not be disheartened if we find it tough to do at first and it appears "*dry*." Keep trying at every opportunity with everyone we meet. As long as we greet them warmly and politely, the other person will be pleased to react.

Never being easily offended

Just imagine, what fun is it to have a friend who is easily offended? Others will avoid someone who is easily offended and dislikes being criticized. Knowing a lot of people and establishing friends will, of course, expose us to a wide range of human personalities. Some people are polite, while others are selfish, some enjoy ridiculing others, and some even enjoy talking carelessly, but there are also individuals that enjoy assisting others.

Avoid getting quickly offended if we want to be accepted in society. Even if others say negative things about us, take it with a soft heart and utilize it as a lesson to improve ourselves. Consider it a breeze if a friend makes a joke with words that are not pleasant to hear. After all, they were merely joking and meant nothing serious. Being self-assured and not easily offended is an excellent method to make friends and gain acceptance in the community. Instead of asking others to accept us, force ourselves to accept everyone.

Assisting friends who are in a difficult situation

Anyone would appreciate having kind and helpful friends. To have this type of personality, we must first be compassionate and sensitive to others. If a friend is in danger, do not act as if you do not know about it. Instead, we are the first one to assist him or to inform other friends as much as possible. People who enjoy assisting others will always have friends. Many people like him because of his friendly and helpful personality.

Being honest

Speaking honestly is one of the most valuable assets you can have in order to make a lot of friends. Nobody wants a liar as a friend, right? Because his current lie is always followed by subsequent lies to cover it up, a liar is usually isolated in the association by himself. Nobody wants to be lied to, especially when it comes to their own friends. As a result, watch what we say, do not exaggerate, and do not invent things that do not exist. Speak openly so that we can gain the trust of others and, without a doubt, find our true friend. The key to trust is honesty.

Having a good sense of humour

Being overly serious will cause the atmosphere in the organization to become tense and stiff. That is why it is necessary to have a sense of humour in order to establish a good way of getting along with peers. Humour can bring people closer together and serve as an easy way to socialize with others. Humour is a good way to gain popularity. Just make sure that the humour is of high quality and does not include words that are hurtful to others, such as mocking, bullying, or laughing at others' flaws. To avoid misunderstandings, always use humour in the appropriate situations and conditions.

Being unselfish

Try to overcome our selfishness, because selfishness is not only detested by others, but it also ensures that we will be separated from your loved ones. Learn to be humble and more honest in our interactions. Accept constructive criticism, suggestions, and advice from others in order

to develop ourselves. Continue to grow our compassion for others, assist one another in lightening the load, and think positively. Our selfish nature will eventually fade and be replaced by a more pleasant nature.

Being wise in choosing friends o hang out with

This holds true for well-behaved peers. If we have friends whose behaviour is unacceptable, it is natural to filter out who we socialize with so that we do not pick up undesirable habits from them. What this means is that you should not choose solely on the basis of material and appearance. Choose buddies that will have a positive influence on us to hang out with. If we understand how to respect others, we will be able to understand how to be appreciated by others as well.

Joining a decent circle of friends is critical for someone who wants his life to go in a straight and satisfactory manner. Knowing how to get along with our peers is an important skill to have if we want to avoid making bad associations and damaging ourselves. If we want to be in a pleasant social situation, we can keep our attitude and do things that will make it easier for us to get along with nice people.

At the end of this paper, the author will use it to give a successful story that, in his opinion, has something to do with the topic of this article, namely social intelligence. First, while in college, the main author developed a tendency for "hunting" foreigners (Suwartono, 2008). He believed that what he later discovered as an approach to learning a second/foreign language had made him fluent in English. Not only that, but some of the main author's acquaintances and foreigners admired the author's English pronunciation. Why no colleagues give praise in this case?

The author maintained close contacts with some of his former teachers in the city of Solo after completing his undergraduate degree. One day, the author received information about job opportunities in a place roughly 6 hours away by automobile at night (Purwokerto). God has provided a straight way to the author's dream profession as a lecturer, starting with a well-established friendship.

Another thing that is considered quite successful as a result of social intelligence is the ability to establish good communication with acquaintances in foreign countries in order to gain access to forums such as conferences in many other countries. Even for the April event in Osaka, Japan, years ago the author encountered difficulties that required extra patience in communicating misunderstandings with the organizers in Japan. Patience, the pearl of life, is crucial to the writer's success in obtaining tickets to Osaka.

4. Conclusion

Social intelligence entails being wise in managing oneself and bringing oneself into the association. Social intelligence is the ability to interact with one's surroundings or with other people. In today's world, social intelligence is highly valued in order to achieve success in life. This intelligence is thought to be becoming increasingly important as a result of global competition in various aspects of life. It is sufficient to alter the relationship, and then life will change. It is because the association has a large influence on what people believe. Good associations always produce good people, while great associations produce great people. And great people always create a fantastically positive environment. The quality of life is determined by the quality of one's association. The social environment is similar to coloured paint in that it can change the colour of anything it comes into contact with.

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